

MORNING VISITOR.

TERMS—\$2 PER ANNUM, CASH.

CITY OF WARSAW.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 15.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN. LEWIS CASS,

Of Michigan.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

GEN. WM. O. BUTLER,

Of Kentucky.

FOR GOVERNOR,

AUSTIN A. KING, of Ray.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,

THOS. L. PRICE, of Cole.

Election for President and Vice President.

1st Dist.—J. C. WELBORN, of Pike.

2nd "—A. McKINNEY, of Randolph.

3d "—E. B. EWING, of Ray.

4th "—G. D. HALL, of Lafayette.

5th "—B. F. MASSEY, of Lawrence.

6th "—J. H. RELFE, of Washington.

7th "—TRUSTEN POLK, of St. Louis.

WHIG TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Gen. ZACHARY TAYLOR,

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

MILLARD FILLMORE.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JAS. S. ROLLINS, of Boone.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,

L. HENDRICK, of Greene co.

Election for President and Vice President.

1st Dist.—T. L. ANDERSON, of Marion.

2nd "—A. LEONARD, of Howard.

3d "—A. W. DONIPHAN, of Clay.

4th "—J. C. RICHARDSON, of Cooper.

5th "—CHAS. N. HANDY, of Benton.

6th "—ALVIN COOK, of C. Girardeau.

7th "—URIEL WRIGHT, of St. Louis.

SPEAKING!

Mr. B. F. MASSEY, dem., and C. N. HANDY, whig, Presidential Electors for this district, will address the people of Benton county THIS DAY at the Court-house.

St. Louis County.—We learn that the County Court of St. Louis county, having heretofore invested their distributive share of the 500,000 acres of land donated to this State by Congress, has appointed the Hon. Foster P. Wright, of this place, a Director on the part of said county in the Osage River Association. We should have been glad if some one of the many friends of Internal Improvement in St. Louis, could have made it convenient to attend the meetings of the Board of Directors—the distance, however, would preclude the regular attendance of a director from that county. We are much pleased at the appointment of Judge W. by the County Court. The Judge is a gentleman of high standing in our community, and one who takes a deep interest in the improvement of the Osage river, and will, no doubt, render full satisfaction to those who have entrusted their interests in his hands.

In this connexion we will take occasion to say that the works upon the river at this point and for some distance below, are progressing with a vigor and determination of purpose, which is a sure indication of success. Our energetic friend Col. Squires, under whose superintendence the work here is being done, with Capt. Wm. Waldo, as general superintendent and President of the Board, give assurance to those acquainted with them, that the work will be done.

The Hackberry Shoal, yet incomplete, has about three and a half feet water on it, and Col. S. thinks he can procure that depth at the lowest stage of the river, at a cost not exceeding \$250.

We inadvertently omitted to notice in our last, the receipt of a prospectus of the "Daily and Weekly Fountain & Commercial Standard," a new paper proposed to be published in St. Louis, to commence on the 20th September, by James Davis and Benjamin Hays, Esqs. The daily will be sent to subscribers at the very low price of \$5 a year, and the weekly for \$2. The Fountain will be devoted to Temperance, Morals, Literature, Commerce, Agriculture, Manufactures, General News, Mechanic Arts, &c. Neutral in politics and religion.

A good paper of the character proposed is much needed in the West, and from the array of names given as regular contributors, and the known ability of the editors, we have no doubt the "Fountain" will merit an extensive patronage at the hands of the reading community.

The Session of Congress.—The National Intelligencer of the 27th ult. says: "The term of the session is in a fair way to extend itself into the month of August, if not of September. It is impossible, in fact, that the two Houses can now get through the business before them by the 17th. Judging from the proceedings of the last few days, the battle of the Presidency is likely to occupy much of the remaining time of Congress."

We see it stated that Gov. Dodge, of Wisconsin, who was nominated for the Vice Presidency on the Barnburner's ticket with Mr. Van Buren, has declined the honor intended to be conferred, so that little Natty will have to go it "solitary and alone," unless some one else can be found willing to undergo political martyrdom with him.

GIVE THE SWINDLERS A KICK!

The NATIONAL WHIG at Washington is quoted in many of the western papers, as a Whig organ. This is not so. We believe it a wolf in sheep's clothing. The concern is not only a humbug, but a cheat and a swindle—or it would pay its bills to Western printers for publishing its prospectus. Let all good whigs stand aloof from it. The cause of "Old Zack" is in better hands.—Quincy Ills. Whig.

The National Whig has ceased to exist—not only defrauding the papers in general, but pocketing the money sent on by unsuspecting subscribers. The Proprietor, as announced, was Charles W. Fenton—the agent G. L. Gilchrist. Let western printers pass them round, and the western people patronize their own papers in time to come.—Brunswick.

We have a word to say, too, in regard to this swindling concern, being among the sufferers. We copied the prospectus as ordered, having no idea of becoming the dupes of scoundrels; and several subscribers in this neighborhood have been cheated out of their subscription money. The public should recollect the name of CHARLES W. FENTON, though it is not probable he will ever attempt such another trick. We hope editors of the East as well as of the West, will expose this piece of swindling.—Miner's Prospect, Potosi, Mo.

We, too, would like to give these swindling thieves a diff over the face and eyes. We also published their prospectus, not so much with the expectation of getting pay for it, as with the view of obtaining an exchange. We were hardly green enough to believe that the proprietors could afford to pay regular advertising rates to all the papers in the Union for publishing their prospectus, especially when merely trying an experiment. We thought the request most too liberal and extensive, to induce any to believe that they ever dreamed of paying for it. The result has only verified our first belief in the matter, and we are sorry to see our brethren so badly "taken in." Nevertheless, such swindling scoundrels ought to receive marked attention at the hands of the Western press especially, and therefore we give them a kick as they pass.

Financial.—The New York Sun, of the 20th ult. says: Money is decidedly easier, and confidence in the permanent stability of our financial and commercial interests, never was stronger than at the present moment. Our harvest, abundant beyond all former precedent, will enable us to supply the wants of all countries; our manufactures, with the single exception of the iron interest—are fully employed at remunerating prices; our shipping meets ready cargoes both out and home; while a steady current of the precious metals flows in upon us with the emigration of Europe's enterprising sons.

Specie for Europe.—A considerable amount of specie has been exported from New York to Europe this week. The Hermann took out \$200,000; the Acadia \$123,116, and the packet ship Zurich \$123,116, while only \$30,000 have been imported. The amount exported from Boston last week was \$196,124, and the sum imported only \$3,338.—Ball's Clipper 23d ult.

Oregon is said to contain 278,536,320 acres; California and New Mexico 500,000 square miles. These and the other territories of the Union equal at least 1,600,000 square miles, or 260,000,000 square acres. Plenty of room for the land reformers to vote themselves farmers for some time to come.

More Truth from Poetry.—At the 111th anniversary of the Irish Charitable Society of Boston, the following toast was given: "A glass of cold water.—There is not a headache in a hoghead of it."

Agitation in Canada.—M. Papineau, who is stated to be in favor of a severance of Canada from Great Britain, addressed a meeting of two thousand persons, at a town near Quebec, a short time ago.

By Telegraph for the Republican.
FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE CALEDONIA.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

Resignation of Louis Napoleon.—The Presidency—Important from Denmark—Outbreak at Berlin—Another at Prague. Boston, July 8.

The express steamer Buena Vista arrived here this morning from Halifax, in advance of the Caledonia, which steamer arrived there on Thursday last, about 12 M. The steamer United States, made the passage out in thirteen days, the Hibernia in fourteen.

FRANCE.

Paris is still agitated. Prince Louis Napoleon has resigned his seat in the Assembly, and this has postponed the troubles.

There are six candidates for the Presidency in the field—Lamarque, Thiers, Louis Napoleon, Marrast, Gen. Cassidiere, and Cardanare, ex-Prefect of Police.

The Orleans party will support Thiers, especially as Beranger has declined in his favor. The Legitimists are divided between Thiers and Lamarque, if the election were soon to come off, but little doubt exists that Louis Napoleon would be the successful candidate.

The constitution has been amended in such a manner, that if neither one of the candidates secure a majority of the public votes, the five candidates receiving the largest vote, shall be returned to the National Assembly, and from one of these five a President shall be chosen.

Prince Louis Napoleon has been elected Colonel of the 4th legion of the National Guards.

A new candidate for popular favor is spoken of in the person of a son of Prince Eugene Beauharnais.

DENMARK.

The war in this country continues unabated.

At a conference of the Kings of Sweden and Denmark, and of the Grand Duke Constantine, Russia, in behalf of Denmark, demanded that both Duchies should be given up, as a preliminary step to negotiating a peace. Schleswig was given up, and Russia then claimed Holstein, according to a previous treaty with the Danes.

PRUSSIA.

A collision had occurred at Berlin, occasioned by the Burger Guard attacking and attempting to disperse the workmen, who had assembled in large crowds, and demanded work or money from the ministry.

Five of the workmen were wounded. Barricades were formed in every street.—The people finally succeeded in capturing the arsenal, from which 70,000 stands of arms were procured and distributed.

There had also been an outbreak at Prague, in consequence of the King refusing to confirm the Provisional Government and erecting batteries around the town.—The students and people rebelled at this. The Assembly finally dismissed the troops and put themselves under the protection of the people. The Government resigned.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, July 8.

Since the derangement of the Telegraph wires nothing has been done in either branch of Congress, but listen to political speeches.

To-day, in the Senate, after transacting some unimportant business, Mr. Davis, of Mass., addressed that body, contending for the right of Congress to legislate upon the subject of slavery in any of the territories.

House.—On motion of Mr. Vinton, the Indian Appropriation Bill was taken up and discussed. An amendment appropriating \$50,000 for the Cherokee Indians removed from the Carolinas, failed.

From the N. O. Picayune, of the 27th ult.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

By the steamer James L. Day, Capt. Wood, we have received our files of Mexican papers to the 17th inst., but as they only came to hand late last evening, we have only given them a cursory examination.

Senor Yaneb marched on the 11th inst. at the head of 600 men to put down the attempted revolution headed by Paredes and Jarauta at Lagos. Should this number be insufficient to quell the revolt, the Government would dispatch 2000 troops more, with fourteen pieces of artillery. The Legion of St. Patrick formed a part of the 600 men. Their withdrawal to march upon Lagos had delayed the departure of a conducta from Queretaro, which they were to have escorted.

As there are more deserters from the American army in Mexico than are required for the ranks of the Legion, it is proposed to incorporate a portion of them into the police force of the city of Mexico. These deserters are evidently a main stay of the government—a kind of Swiss Guards which promise to be very serviceable if they will but adhere to the administration.

An invasion of 1,000 Comanches from

the direction of Paso del Norte to the interior is apprehended in Durango, and they are raising heaven and earth to meet them. The clergy is called upon to contribute money and the laity to enlist.

When Pena y Pena left Queretaro under an escort for the capital, scores of people took advantage of it to make the journey in safety. The roads to all directions are beset with robbers and outlaws. The Mexicans have just begun to speculate upon the projected republic of the Sierra Madre. They put but little faith in the scheme, not knowing how extensively "the owls are out."

Gen. Minon had marched to attack the revolutionists at Lagos, but having only 400 men, while Jarauta had collected twice that number, Minon deemed it prudent to fall back to Leon. This revolt of Jarauta is giving the government more trouble, we imagine, than the papers like to confess. We find many allusions, too, in the papers to the Indian insurrections. Jarauta alludes to the latter in his proclamations, as an indication of the weakness of the government, while he probably foments them.

The Mexicans are congratulating themselves upon the recovery of twenty-five pieces of artillery taken from them at Contreras and Chapultepec. It had been reported among them that the Americans had carried them off as trophies.

We will recur to our files, though upon a mere glance at them, they do not appear to contain anything of moment.

Correspondence of the Boston Atlas.
FROM THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Politics.—March, 1st.—Everything is quiet. The King and Government are now engaged in preparing a liberal land policy, and settling their conflicting claims. Guatemala and Peru have signified their desire to form treaties with the Hawaiian kingdom.

California. April.—All quiet. At the north, some valuable quicksilver mines are said to have been discovered. That belonging to Alexander Forbes, British Consul General of Tiptee, yields, under imperfect management, upwards of 400 lbs of quicksilver daily.

Col. Stevenson arrested three men of the Mormon regiment for counterfeiting American gold.

At St. Diego, a coal mine, twelve miles to the north, has been found. The coal burns readily, but contains too much sulphur to work iron. California was largely stocked with goods and prices low.

Lower California.—The attempt to dispossess the Americans had completely failed. The leaders of the party had all been captured and sent to Mazatlan. Col. Hayward at San Jose, had been relieved by Capt. Nagle. Col. Burton was in command at La Paz. Much indignation was felt among the American officers, at the omission of Lower California from the territory of the United States by the treaty, as the inhabitants had been assured that they would be included in the limits of the United States, and in consequence many had committed themselves on the side of the Americans, in the late conflict with their countrymen.

Mazatlan, May.—Business was brisk during the armistice, large amounts of goods going into the interior.

Two hundred thousand dollars duties have been collected at Mazatlan by Purser Green, Collector, since the custom house has been in the hands of the Americans.

APPREHENSION OF INDIAN TROUBLES.

The following is taken from the Prairie du Chien Patriot:

Large war bands of these Indians are collecting on the St. Croix, and measures of defence are being taken. Capt. Eastman of the 1st infantry, commanding Fort Snelling, has turned over to the use of the citizens of St. Croix, several cannons, a quantity of ammunition, and a number of stands of arms to be used, if necessary against the Indians.

A requisition has been made for two hundred regular troops from Jefferson Barracks, to proceed forthwith to that district to repel any descent the Indians may make upon the whites. A portion of the company of Capt. Eastman are under his command at Wabashaw prairie, assisting in the removal of the Winnebagoes, the remainder, guard Fort Snelling.

It is feared by many, that war with this powerful tribe of Indians will ensue, but we trust not, though appearances are truly threatening. We state the above facts, not as an alarmist, but as facts well authenticated, by gentlemen who were present at the time of the execution. An officer of the army informs us that the requisition for troops has been made.

Religion should be the garment worn next the heart. Too many people make a cloak of it.

THE RED MAN OF THE FOREST.

There are many characteristics about the aborigines of our country that are different from any other people of whom we have any knowledge, and bear strong evidence of a much higher degree of intellectual cultivation than they possess at present. Among these is their superior knowledge of the healing properties of plants indigenous to the soil—by which they are enabled to subdue and cure the diseases peculiar to the country. Dr. Bragg spent many years on the frontiers, and made it a study to obtain all the knowledge they possessed in medicine—and to extract their active properties, and render them so agreeable to the palate, that the most sensitive and irritable stomach can take them without difficulty. He has thus been enabled to present a medicine that is safe, agreeable and effectual, in removing all the varieties of bilious fever—and other complaints peculiar to the West and South. There is no precedent sale is a sufficient evidence of their healing properties. For sale by

BROWN & DUNN, Warsaw.
See Dr. Bragg's advertisement in another column.

List of Letters
REMAINING in the Post Office in Warsaw, Mo. on the 1st day of July, 1848.

saw, Mo. on the 1st day of July, 1848.	
A-B	
Allison Burch	Acocok Jas D
Anglen Aden	Anderson Saml
Berry Aug. F.	Bailey Gabriel
Breshers Wm C 2	Brown Jane Mrs
Bazzill John	Black Robert
Bowman Lindsey	Bakemore L T
C	
Cox Arch'd	Carigan Claiborn
Clanton Benj	Campbell N
Cock Geo C	Carico James
Campbell Stephen	Cord R S
or Mr Dilleham	Cox Edward
D	
Dentist Cuthberry	Dawson Jesse
Dougllass H C	Dobkins Hugh
Dane C C	
F-G	
Ford James	Fallenstine C B
Feaster Levi	Fisher H C
Foster Wm P	Foster R D
Gatewood or Mrs	Gunn Joel B
Lepere	Gentry Sewell
H	
Harper W A	Hoper Geo
Harris Wm	Hase Nathan
Harris Giles	Henderson Mary
Hicks Mr	Hart Ambrose
J	
Johnson W P	Jordan Lemuel
Johnson John H	Johnson John
K-L	
Kimmel Martin	Lee Nancy Mrs
Lanber Andreas	
M	
Morgan Levi	Miller Henry
McBroom Wm	Morrow Robt 2
McFarland A B	May John F
Moon M E	Manough M
N-O-P-R	
Neal Thos	Osborn Stephen
Parker Hoz	Rosevelt A
S	
Smith J E	Smith Christian
Smith Geo R	Smith J B
Stuart P Y	Shepherd Joel
T-V	
Thurman Jas F	Vaughan Wm L
W	
Wright Sampson 5	West Isiah
Webber M A Miss	Waddell W
Watson R J & Co	Walls Wm
H. LEONARD, P. M.	

July 8.—[81.]
Persons calling for any of the above Sold by Brown & Dunn, Warsaw. letters, will please say "advertised."

Candidates' Department.

FOR CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce JAMES WINSTON, Esq., of Benton county, as a candidate for Congress in this Congressional District. may6

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce Col. JOHN MOORE as a candidate for Representative of Benton county, at the ensuing August election. may13

We are authorized to announce BURR H. EMERSON as a candidate for Representative of Benton county at the ensuing August election. may18

CIRCUIT ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce MARK L. MEANS, Esq., as a candidate for Circuit Attorney for the 7th Judicial district, composed of the counties of Benton, Hickory, Dallas, Polk, Cedar, St. Clair and Henry. may27

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce JAS. M. BLAKEY, Jr., as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Benton county, at the ensuing August election—subject to the decision of the whole people at the polls.

We are authorized to announce HENRY F. BURNS as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Benton county, at the ensuing August election. ap29-1de

We are authorized to announce ABRAHAM SALLEY, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Benton county, at the ensuing August election. april15

We are authorized to announce Col. JOHN HOLLOWAY as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Benton county, at the ensuing August election. [mar4]

17 We are authorized to announce the name of JAMES W. HAWKINS as a candidate for Sheriff of Benton county, at the ensuing August election.

17 We are authorized to announce WILLIAM H. KEE as a candidate for Constable of Lindsey Township at the ensuing August election. may25

Dr. Bragg's Pills Triumphant!

Further Evidence—Great Excitement and Panic amongst the Calomel Doctors—Disastrous consequences of the use of Mineral Medicines—Timely intervention of Indian Queen Vegetable Sugar Coated Pills to save a whole neighborhood from the awful ravages of that fell destroyer, Disease, in the forms of Ague, Bilious, Congestive and Typhus Fevers—Read and be convinced!

VAN BUREN, Ark, April 15, 1843.

DR. BRAGG—Dear Sir: During the past summer and fall, the various forms of bilious Fever were very prevalent and often fatal in this section of country. Our worthy none-such physicians, puffed up with pride and vain conceit, persisted in their antiquated practice with that universal panacea, calomel, with such unbounded success, that one or two, panic-struck, scampered off and left their patients with nature and her ineffectual efforts to repair the mischief they had done. In one family, four cases resulted in death, in the short space of four days; in some cases three or four days after the exhibition of calomel, great prostration, tympanitic condition of the bowels were the result of this heroic treatment, and to prove it so to their weeping friends, a post mortem examination would reveal the fact. After finding their practice altogether ineffectual, they came to the wise conclusion to give up medicine at all, but continue to visit their patients, and order flaxseed tea as a drink, and a poultice of the same applied to the bowels; when this failed, with sage look, and little faith, & hearts full of apprehension, they would confess to their friends their full confidence in the application of blisters from head to foot—you may guess the result.

In this dilemma and universal consternation, one of your travelling agents passed through our neighborhood, and made liberal deposits of your vegetable medicines, and distributed pamphlets, and the "Sun," to shed a genial and benignant light upon this benighted, and apparently devoted land. The manna sent to the Children of Israel, in the wilderness, was not hailed with more hearty thanks than were your health-restoring Pills in this awful crisis. The people were prepared to receive them, or any thing that promised them relief from their apparently impending fate. I have watched their progress, and the effects they produced in hundreds of cases and am happy to give my feeble testimony to their entire and triumphant efficacy, in restoring health in a few days, in every instance, when they have been taken in time, and in strict accordance to directions. Some of our physicians, whose love of truth and philanthropy triumphed over prejudice and preconceived theories, have cheerfully abandoned their calomel and lancet, and recommended your pills in all cases of bilious, intermittent, remittent, congestive and typhus fevers; and they freely acknowledge that they are almost a specific in all these diseases. Your travelling agent is anxiously looked for again, as many of your agents are out of pills, and the sickly season is approaching.

With best wishes for your success, I am truly yours,

B. CUNNINGHAM.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the MISSOURI COLLEGE OF HEALTH, No. 51, North 3d street, Louis.

For sale by BROWN & DUNN, Warsaw.

Also, by G. W. Rives and J. W. Bird, Benton County; A. C. Moore, J. W. Filler & Leechman, Holloay; J. Price, John Jones, W. Montgometry, Williams & Peak and Reed Bennett, Buffalo; S. R. Roberts, Erie; Waldo & McCulloch, Onondaga; R. Patterson, Dallas; P. O. C. Humes, Pleasant Prairie; Daniel Darby, Pittsburgh.

First and Last Call!

All those having notes or accounts with us due prior to the first day of January last, are hereby notified that unless immediate payment is made, such notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection. We mean just what we say—we want money and must have it.

June 24 BROWN & DUNN.

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.

COUNTY OF BENTON. }

In the Circuit Court, March term, 1848.